



# eBfine Blood Glucose Test strips



Please read this information before using **eBfine** Blood Glucose Test strips

## Intended Use

The test strips are used only with the **eBfine** Blood Glucose Meter. The **eBfine** Blood Glucose Monitoring System is designed for people self-testing with diabetes or healthcare professionals to test glucose levels using capillary whole blood samples from the fingers only.

## Storage the Test strips:

- \* Store the test strips at room temperature between 4- 30°C (39-86°F). Do not freeze.
- \* Use test strips at temperatures between 10°C(50°F) and 40°C(104°F), and less than 85% humidity.
- \* Store your test strips in their original vial only; do not transfer them into a new vial or another container.
- \* Always close the container with container cap immediately after use.
- \* Write the discard date on the vial label when you open it at the first time. Discard remaining **eBfine** Blood Glucose Test Strips after 3 months from the first opening of the vial.



Keep the test strip vial away from children; the cap is a choking hazard. Also the cap or vial may contain drying agents that are harmful if inhaled or swallowed and may cause skin or eye irritation.

## System measurement range:

- \* The measurement range of the **eBfine** Blood Glucose Monitoring System is 20 to 600 mg/dL (1.1 to 33.3 mmol/L)

## Performing a blood glucose test

For accurate results, your meter should be calibrated with the code card every time when you open a new vial of test strips. When the calibrated meter is set and match the code number on the strips, you may begin testing.

### 1 Steps of coding the meter

- Step 1. Open a new box of **eBfine** Blood Glucose Test Strip and remove the Code Card. Insert the Code Card into the Test Slot.
- Step 2. Code Card into the Test Slot. A beep sounds and a code number appears on the screen.
- Step 3. The code number shown on the screen should match the code on the vial of test strips.
- Step 4. Remove the Code card and you are ready for blood glucose testing.

### 2 Steps of blood glucose testing

- Step 1. Remove the cap from the lancing device.
- Step 2. Insert a lancet into the lancet holder firmly. Twist and remove the protective cover from the lancet.
- Step 3. Put the cap back onto the lancing device.
- Step 4. Adjust the depth setting of lancing device. Choose a desired skin penetration depth by rotating the top portion of the adjustable tip until the setting number lines up to the arrow.
- Step 5. Slide the ejection/cocking control back until it clicks.
- Step 6. Wash your hands with warm, soapy water. Rinse and dry thoroughly.
- Step 7. Open a new vial of test strips. Remove a test strip from the vial and fasten the cap properly. Make sure the triangle sign is facing up and insert the electrical contact end of the test strip fully into the test slot. The meter will be turned on automatically and the code number will be shown on the screen. Make sure that this number matches the code number on the vial of test strips.
- Step 8. To obtain a drop of blood, press the tip of the lancing device against your fingertip and press the release button. Gently squeeze your finger to form a small drop of blood.

- Step 9. Touch the drop of blood to the semicircle-shaped cutout on the top of the narrow channel of the test strip. The blood will be drawn into the strip automatically. Hold your blood to the strip until after the meter beeps. The meter starts counting down from 5 seconds. If you have enough blood inside the reaction chamber of the strip, the indication slot located inside triangle sign turns red (filled with blood). If the indication slot does not completely turn red before the meter begins to count down, discard the strip and do not try to add more blood to the strip.
- Step 10. After counting down from 5 to 1, your test result appears on the screen and is stored automatically in the meter's memory.
- Step 11. Record the glucose value in your log book.
- Step 12. The meter will be turned off by removing the test strip.
- Step 13. Dispose the used test strip into a sealed container.
- Step 14. Remove the cap from the lancet device. Put the protective cover back onto the lancet and push the lancet out.
- Step 15. Dispose the used lancet in a sealed container.

## Checking eBfine Blood Glucose Monitoring System and Test Strip (Optional)

**eB-series** Control Solution is used to check if the monitoring system (meter working together with test strips) is functioning properly.

### When to do a control solution test:

1. When you open a new vial of test strips.
2. Whenever you suspect that the meter or test strips are not working properly.
3. After dropping the meter.
4. Whenever you question your blood glucose results.

### Steps of performing a control solution test

- Step 1. Remove a test strip from the vial and fasten the cap properly. Make sure the triangle sign is facing up and insert the electrical contact end of the test strip fully into the test slot. The meter will be turned on automatically and the code number will be shown on the screen. Make sure that this number matches the code number on the vial of test strips.
- Step 2. Open a bottle of **eB-series** Control Solution. The storing period of **eB-series** Control Solution is only for 3 months after the first opening or up to the expiry date, whichever comes first. Always write down the opening date on the bottle.
- Step 3. Hold the bottle and gently squeeze the bottle to form a small drop of control solution on the tip of the bottle. Always shake the bottle well, discard the first drop before applying the control solution.
- Step 4. Touch the drop of control solution to the semicircle-shaped cutout on the top of the narrow channel of the test strip. The control solution will be drawn into the strip automatically. The meter starts counting down from 5 seconds.
- Step 5. After counting down from 5 to 1, the control test result appears on the screen.
- Step 6. Compare the result with the range printed on the vial of the test strips. The result should be within the range.

### Range of Expected Values

Blood glucose monitoring requires the help of healthcare professionals in setting the expected range of your own blood glucose values, arranging your testing times, and discussing the meaning of your blood glucose results.

Expected blood glucose levels for people without diabetes<sup>1</sup>:

- \* Fasting and before meals :Less than 100 mg/dL( 5.6 mmol/L)
- \* 2 hours after meals : Less than 140 mg/dL( 7.8 mmol/L)

**Remember to repeat the test if the test result falls outside the expected range.**



If you get unexpected results: Low or high blood glucose readings can indicate a potentially serious medical condition. Please consult your healthcare professional and follow his or her treatment advice.

## LIMITATIONS

**eBfine** Blood Glucose Test Strips give accurate results when the following limitations are observed:

- The test strips should not be used for the testing of neonate.
- The test strips are for single use only. Do not reuse.
- The test strips are used only with fresh capillary whole blood. Do not use serum or plasma.
- Hematocrit values less than 20% may cause falsely high test results; hematocrit values higher than 60% may cause falsely low test results (consult your healthcare professional regarding your hematocrit value).
- The altitudes that are up to 8000 feet have no effect on **eBfine** blood glucose measurements.
- Inaccurate results may occur in severely hypotensive individuals or patients in shock. Inaccurate low results may occur for individuals experiencing a hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar state, with or without ketosis.
- Critically ill patients should not be tested with blood glucose meters.
- Interferences: Acetaminophen, Pralidoxime iodide, Glutathione and Uric acid. Please see the table below for the certain concentrations which can affect the function of the meter.

Substance	No interference
Acetaminophen	< 13 mg/dl
Ascorbic acid	< 3 mg/dl
Creatinine	< 10 mg/dl
Dopamine	< 0.09 mg/dl
Glutathione	< 70 mg/dl
Maltose	< 300 mg/dl
Pralidoxime iodide	< 5 mg/dl
Uric acid	< 15 mg/dl

## Test Principle

The technology used for the **eBfine** Blood Glucose monitoring system is based on the principle that a small electrical current produced when blood glucose reacts with the reagent immobilized on the reaction area of the **eBfine** Test Strip and the current change is proportional to the amount of glucose in the blood.

## Reagent Composition :

Each **eBfine** Blood Glucose Test Strip contains :

- Glucose Oxidase (*Aspergillus niger*) 1 IU
- Potassium ferricyanide 0.75 mg
- Non-reactive ingredient 1.25 mg
- Stabilizer 1.75 mg

## Performance Characteristics

The **eBfine** Blood Glucose monitoring system is calibrated by means of glucose oxidase method to display plasma equivalent results, which is traceable to an NIST standard SRM917. The whole blood was used for calibration.

## Accuracy

The accuracy of **eBfine** was assessed by comparing the **eBfine** readings with the reference values using YSI 2300 STAT PLUS glucose analyzer. The glucose concentrations of capillary blood samples were measured using **eBfine** meter. The glucose concentrations of the venous blood samples were analyzed using the YSI 2300 glucose analyzer (glucose oxidase method). The results shown below are from a total of 100 subjects and 3 lots of strips attending the outpatient clinic.

Number of sample	Slope	Intercept	Correlation Coefficient
600	1.0304	-3.62 mg/dL	0.9954

According to EN ISO15197 (2015) all samples were within the minimum acceptable performance criteria.

< 100 mg/dl N=176		
Within ± 5mg/dl	Within ± 10mg/dl	Within ± 15mg/dl
138/176 (78.4%)	166/176 (94.3%)	176/176 (100%)
≥ 100 mg/dl N=424		
Within ± 5%	Within ± 10%	Within ± 15%
344/424(81.1%)	402/424(94.8%)	424/424(100%)
Within ± 15mg/dl or Within ± 15%		600/600(100%)

## Lay-user (eBfine) fingerstick vs. YSI analyzer

The linear regression analysis was assessed by comparing the **eBfine** readings performed by Lay-user with the reference values using YSI 2300 glucose analyzer. The results shown below are from a total of 150 patients.

Number of sample	Slope	Intercept	Correlation Coefficient
150	0.9958	0.71	0.9921

< 100 mg/dl N=40		
Within ± 5 mg/dl	Within ± 10 mg/dl	Within ± 15 mg/dl
32/40 (80%)	37/40 (92.5%)	40/40 (100%)
≥ 100 mg/dl N=110		
Within ± 5%	Within ± 10%	Within ± 15%
98/110(89.1%)	102/110(92.7%)	110/110(100%)

## Precision

Precision was determined using coefficients of variation (CVs) calculated from 100 measurements in series. To produce the 5 different glucose concentrations for the 3 lots of strips, venous whole blood samples from healthy volunteers were spiked using different concentrations of glucose solutions.

## Repeatability

Glucose levels(mg/dl)	41	98	146	230	361
Average (mg/dl)	40	98	145	230	359
SD (mg/dl)	1.9	2.7	4.1	6.3	9.0
%	4.6	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.5













## Intermediate

Glucose levels(mg/dl)	46	136	362
Average (mg/dl)	46	135	362
SD (mg/dl)	2.3	4.0	8.1
%	5.0	3.0	2.3

## Reference:

1. American Diabetes Association (2010), Clinical Practice Recommendation, Diabetes Care 34 (Supplement 1):S11-S61.

## Labeling and Information:

	Do not re-use
	Consult operating instructions
	Keep dry
	Caution, consult accompanying documents
	In-Vitro diagnostic
	Operating temperature limitation
	Store temperature limitation
	Use by
	Keep away from sunlight
	Batch number
	Manufacturer
	EU Representative

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